

# CMPU-224 Lab3 Quiz - Solutions

Spring 2025

1. You are given the following 8-bit two's-complement number: 10001000

(a) (1 point) What is the decimal value of this number?

**Solution: -120**

The MSB is 1, so it is negative. There is a one in bit-7 and bit-3. Bit-7 has the weight of -128 and bit-3 has the weight of 8, giving  $-128 + 8 = -120$ .

Or you can take the two's complement to get the magnitude of the number. Invert the bits: 01110111, and add 1: 01111000 ( $64 + 32 + 16 + 8 = 120$ ). Result:  $-120$ .

(b) (1 point) What is representation of that number as a 10-bit two's-complement number? Give your answer as in hexadecimal.

**Solution: 0x388**

Sign extend the 8-bit number 1000 1000 to 10 bits by copying the MSB (1) to the new upper bits: 11 1000 1000. Grouped for Hex: 11 1000 1000  $\rightarrow$  0x388.

2. For this question, assume all the numbers are internally represented as 5-bit two's complement binary numbers.

(a) (1 point) What is the decimal value of  $10 + 8$ ?

**Solution: -14**

$10_{10} = 01010_2$ ,  $8_{10} = 01000_2$ .

$01010 + 01000 = 10010_2$ . This is a negative number (MSB=1).

Invert  $01101 + 1 = 01110$  ( $14_{10}$ ). Result:  $-14$ .

(b) (1 point) The above answer is an example of (choose one):

- A. Positive Overflow
- B. Negative Overflow
- C. Modular arithmetic
- D. None of the above

**Solution: A. Positive Overflow**

Adding two positive numbers resulted in a negative number because the result  $+18$  exceeds the max positive value ( $+15$ ) for 5 bits.

(c) (1 point) What is value of  $-9 \gg 1$ ? Give your answer as a decimal number.

**Solution: -5**

$-9_{10} = 10111_2$ . Arithmetic right shift preserves the sign bit:  $11011$ .

Invert  $00100 + 1 = 00101$  ( $5_{10}$ ). Result:  $-5$ .

Or remember that a right shift of one is the same as dividing by two and rounding down.

$-9/2 = -4.5 \rightarrow$  rounding down gives  $-5$

3. Consider a 12-bit floating point representation called “TinyFloat”. Bits: 11 (Sign), 10-6 (Exp), 5-0 (Frac).

(a) (1 point) In the above TinyFloat system, what is the bias used to calculate exp?

**Solution: 15**

Bias formula:  $2^{k-1} - 1$  where  $k = 5$ .  $2^4 - 1 = 15$ .

(b) (1 point) Consider the following Tiny Float number:  $0x3DC$ . What is the decimal value?

**Solution: 1.4375**

Binary:  $0011\ 1101\ 1100$ .  $S = 0$ ,  $Exp = 15$ ,  $Frac = 011100$ .

$E = 15 - 15 = 0$ . Significand =  $1.frac = 1.011100_2$ .

$1 + 1/4 + 1/8 + 1/16 = 1 + 0.25 + 0.125 + 0.0625 = 1.4375$ .

4. (3 points) Convert the decimal number 12.2 into the TinyFloat representation described above. Give the binary results for the sign, exp, and frac fields.

**Solution: Sign: 0, Exp: 10010, Frac: 100010**

- $12 = 1100_2$ .  $0.2 \approx .00110011\dots$
- Combined:  $1100.0011\dots = 1.1000011\dots \times 2^3$ .
- Exp:  $3 + 15 = 18 = 10010_2$ .
- Frac: We need 6 bits. Significand bits are  $100001\ 10011\dots$
- Rounding: The extra bits are greater than a half, so we round up:  $100001$  becomes  $100010$ .